Using the Psychrometric Chart

Problem Statement

The air in a room has a dry-bulb temperature of 80°F and a wet-bulb temperature of 65°F. Assuming a pressure of 14.7 psia, use the psychrometric chart to determine:

- 1. The specific humidity.
- 2. The relative humidity.
- 3. The dew point temperature.



Given: $T_{DB} = 80^{\circ}F$; $T_{WB} = 65^{\circ}F$; p = 14.7 psia

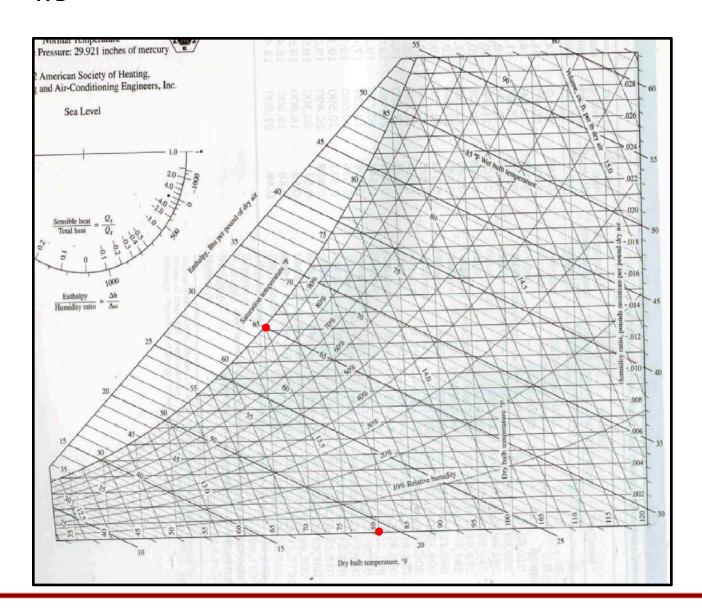
To Find: a) ω; b) φ ; c) T_{DP}

Solution:

Locate the properties $T_{DB} = 80^{\circ}F$ and $T_{WB} = 65^{\circ}F$ on the psychrometric chart.



Psychrometric chart with T_{DB} = 80°F and T_{WB} = 65°F indicated.



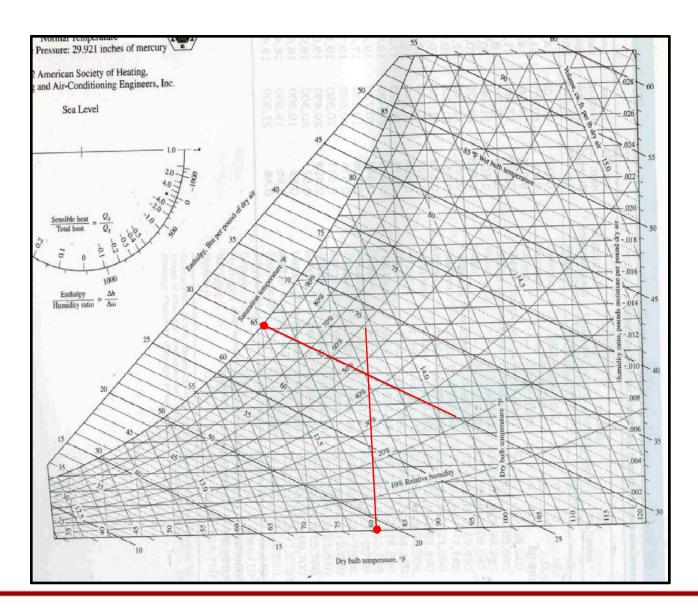


Draw a vertical line from $T_{DB} = 80^{\circ}F$ which crosses the $T_{WB} = 65^{\circ}F$ diagonal line.

The intersection of these two lines indicates the state of the atmospheric air.



Psychrometric chart with lines drawn in.



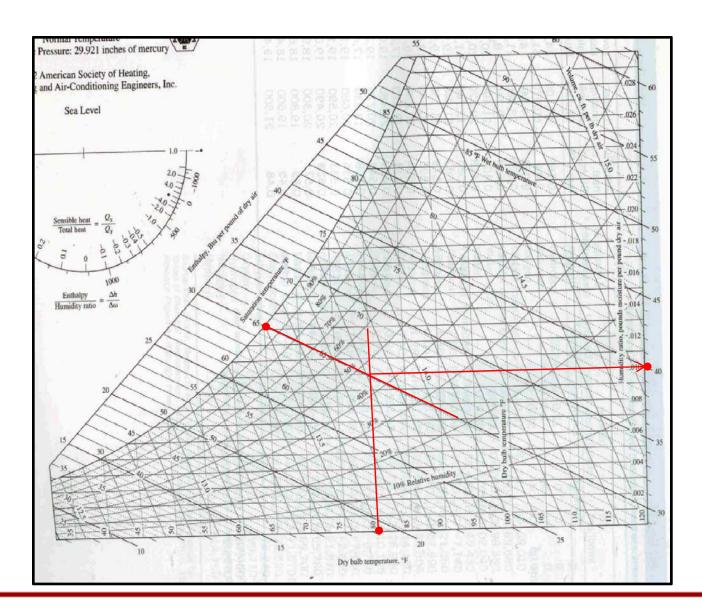


To determine ω , draw a horizontal line from the "state point" to the right and read the <u>humidity ratio</u>.

$$\left(\omega = 0.010 \frac{lbm, moisture}{lbm, dry air}\right)$$



Psychrometric chart with ω indicated.



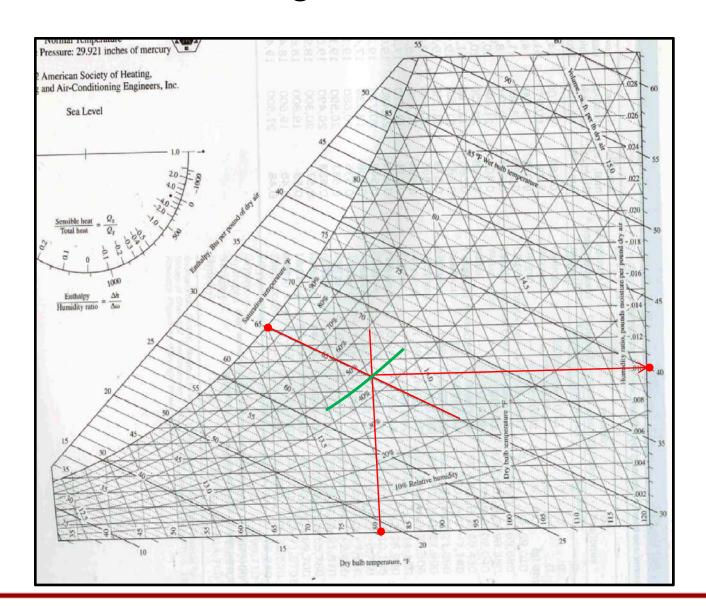


To determine Φ , note the curved line (indicated in green) that passes through the state point.

$$\Phi = 45\%$$



Psychrometric chart with green line.





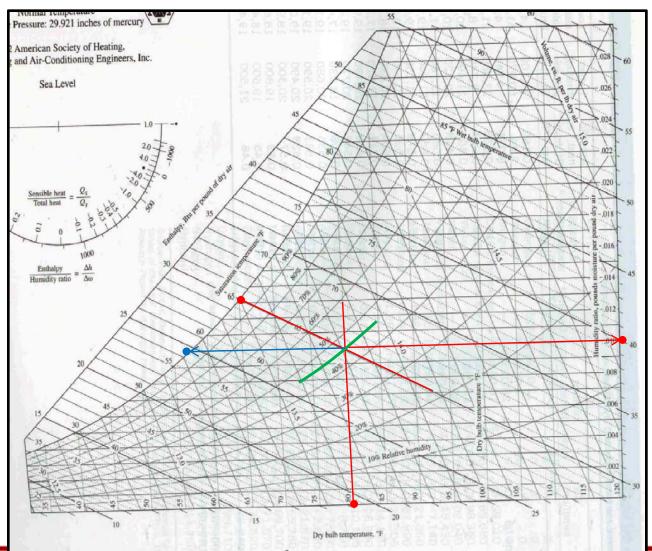
The dew point temperature is defined as the temperature at which condensation commences from the atmospheric air. The T_{DP} state point will have the same ω as the atmospheric air state point, but the Φ will be 100%



Draw a horizontal line from the atmospheric air state point to the "Saturation temperature °F" line. $T_{DP} = 57.5$ °F.



Psychrometric chart with horizontal line to the saturation temperature line.





Summary:

$$\omega = 0.010$$

$$\Phi = 45\%$$

$$T_{DP} = 57.5^{\circ}F$$

