LEED Building Design and Construction

Activity #7 - Materials and Resources (MR)

Before completing this Activity Read: Reference Guide for Building Design and Construction v4 - Pages 466-595

Note the following abbreviations are used in this activity:

NC LEED BD+C: New Construction and Major Renovation

CS LEED BD+C: Core and Shell Development

S LEED BD+C: Schools

R LEED BD+C: Retail

DC LEED BD+C: Data Centers

WDC LEED BD+C: Warehouses and Distribution Centers

HOS LEED BD+C: Hospitality
HC LEED BD+C: Healthcare

Although the LEED BD+C reference guide does not number the LEED prerequisites and credits, for this exercise they have been numbered in the order presented in the credit category.

Fill-In, Multiple Choice, Matching

1. Test your knowledge of how well you know the names of the credits for the Materials and Resources (MR) credit category:

LEED B	LEED BD+C: NC, CS, S, R, DC, WDC, HOS, HC		
Credit	Name		
P1	Storage and Collection of Recyclables		
P2	Construction and Demolition Waste Management Planning		
C1	Building Life-cycle impact Reduction		
C2	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Environmental Product Declarations		
C3	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Sourcing of Raw Materials		
C4	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Material Ingredients		
C5 C9 HC	C I I D I I D I D I D I D I D I D I D I		
НС			
Р3	PBT Source Reduction - Mercury		
C5	PBT Source Reduction - Mercury		
C6	PBT Source Reduction - Lead, Cadmium, and Copper		
C7	Furniture and Medical Furnishings		
C8	Design for Plexibility		

2. Match the intent shown below to the prerequisite or credit:

LEED BD+C: NC, CS, S, R, DC, WDC, HOS, HC

Credit	ANS
MR-P1	D
MR - P2	Н
MR-C1	F

MR – C2	B	
MR – C3	工	
MR – C4	A	
MR – C5	11	
& HC C9	Н	
HC		
MR – P3	J	
MR – C5	J	
MR – C6	C	
MR – C7	E	
MR – C8	6	

	INTENT	
Α	To encourage the use of products and materials for which life-cycle information is available and that have environmentally, economically, and socially preferable life-cycle impacts. To reward project teams for selecting products for which the chemical ingredients in the product are inventoried using an accepted methodology and for selecting products verified to minimize the use and generation of harmful substances. To reward raw material manufacturers who produce products verified to have improved life-cycle impacts.	
В	To encourage the use of products and materials for which life-cycle information is available and that have environmentally, economically, and socially preferable life-cycle impacts. To reward project teams for selecting products from manufacturers who have verified improved environmental life-cycle impacts.	
С	To reduce the release of persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBTs) chemicals associated with the life cycle of building materials.	
D	To reduce the waste that is generated by building occupants and hauled to and disposed of in landfills.	
E	To enhance the environmental and human health performance attributes associated with freestanding furniture and medical furnishings.	
F	To encourage adaptive reuse and optimize the environmental performance of products and materials.	
G	Conserve resources associated with the construction and management of buildings by designing for flexibility and ease of future adaptation and for the service life of components and assemblies.	
Н	To reduce construction and demolition waste disposed of in landfills and incineration facilities by recovering, reusing, and recycling materials.	
1	To encourage the use of products and materials for which life cycle information is available and that have environmentally, economically, and socially preferable life cycle impacts. To reward project teams for selecting products verified to have been extracted or sourced in a responsible manner.	
J	To reduce mercury-containing products and devices and mercury release through product substitution, capture, and recycling.	

- 3. List the preferred strategies recommended by the EPA for reducing waste:
 - 1. source reduction
 - 2. reuse

 - 3. recycling
 4. waste-to-energy

4.	Of the four preferred strategies recommended by the EPA for reducing waste which one is at the top of the hierarchy?		
	Source reduction		
5.	List examples of innovative construction strategies that reduce waste: 1. prefabrication 2. designing to dimensional construction materials		
6.	What are the ways that material reuse can be achieved in a LEED v4 project? 1. In situ, as part of a building reuse strategy 2. From off site, as part of a Salvaging strategy		
7.	Recycling is the most common way to divert waste from landfills.		
8.	When strict air quality control measures are enforced, waste-to-energy can be a viable alternative to extracting fossil fuels to produce energy.		
9.	LCA is a "compilation and evaluation of the inputs and outputs and the potential environmental impacts of a product system throughout its life cycle."		
10.	List examples of the types of materials that the MR section addresses that are "permanently installed building products": 1. Structure and enclosure elements 2. Installed finishes 3. Framing 4. Interior walls 5. Cabinets and Casework 6. doors 7. roofs		
11.	Furniture is included in MR credit calculations, all furniture must be included consistently in all cost-based credits.		
List	the special equipment that is excluded from the credit calculation: 1. elevators 2. escalators 3. process equipment 4. fire suppression systems		
12.	Several credits in this category calculate achievement on the basis of		

14. List the methods that can be used to calculate the total materials cost of a project:				
1. actual materials cost				
2. Default materials cost				
15. A project's total construction cost is \$10,000,000. Calculate the project's total default materials cost.				
Total Material Cost (\$) = \$10,000,000 x 0.45 = \$4,500,000				
16. Several credits in the MR section include a location valuation factor, which adds value to locally produced products and materials. The intent is to incentivize the purchase of products that support the local economy. Products and materials that are extracted , manufactured , and purchased within 100 miles (160 kilometers) of the project are valued at 200 % of their cost (i.e., the valuation factor is 2).				
17. List the two conditions that must be met in order for a material to qualify for the location valuation factor: 1. Extracted, manufactured, and purchased within 100 mile radius 2. Meets at least one of the sustainable criteria				
18. The distance must be measured as the \underline{crow} flies, not by actual travel distance.				
19. The point of <u>purchase</u> is considered the location of the purchase transaction. For online or other transactions that do not occur in person, the point of purchase is considered the location of product <u>distribution</u> .				
20. In the case of a material that is part of an assembly, how is the contributing value determined? As the percentage, by weight, of the material, multiplied				
by the total product cost.				
21. Complete the following equation:				
Product value (\$) = Total product cost (\$) X product component by Weight X (%) meeting sustainable criteria				
22. MR Prerequisite Storage and Collection of Recyclables requirements: List the materials that must be collected:				
1. Mixed paper				
2. corrugated Cardboard				
3. glass				
4. plastics				
5. metals				
In addition projects must, take appropriate measures for the safe collection, storage, and disposal of two of the following: <u>batteries</u> , mercury-containing <u>lamps</u> , and electronic <u>waste</u>				
Retail				

	Retail Conduct a waste stream study to identify the retail project's top $five$ recyclable waste streams, by			
	either weight or volume, using consistent metrics. Based on the waste stream study, list			
	the top <u>Foor</u> waste streams for which collection and storage space will be provided. If no			
information is available on waste streams for the project, use data from similar operations to make projections. Retailers with existing stores of similar size and function can use				
	information from their other locations.			
23.	List examples of electronic waste (e-waste):			
	1. computers			
	2. Cameras			
	3. printers			
	4. Keyboards			
	5 batteries			
	6. fluorescent lamps			
24.	List the two major waste substreams:			
	1. landfills or incinerators			
	2. recycling, reuse, or composting			
25.	MR Prerequisite Construction and Demolition Waste Management Planning requirements: Develop and implement a construction and demolition waste management plan: • Establish waste diversion goals for the project by identifying at least five materials (both structural and nonstructural) targeted for diversion. Approximate a percentage of the overall project waste that these materials represent.			
	Specify whether materials will be <u>Separated</u> or <u>Commingled</u> and describe the diversion strategies planned for the project. Describe where the material will be taken and how the recycling facility will process the material.			
	Provide a <u>final</u> report detailing all major waste streams generated, including <u>disposal</u> and <u>diversion</u> rates.			
	Alternative daily cover (ADC) does not qualify as material diverted from disposal.			
	<u>Land-clearing</u> debris is not considered construction, demolition, or renovation waste that can contribute to waste diversion.			
26.	List examples of effective waste diversion strategies:			
	1. Reuse			
	2. recycling			
	3. Donation			
	4. Salvase			
27.	Construction waste can be tracked by either units of Weight or Volume but			
	must be throughout.			

28.	The combustion of and is exempt from tl		fuel" is not considered waste-to-energy		
29. Indicate in the space provided if the material is included in construction and demolition waste or excluded:					
	Material	Included or Excluded?			
	Rock	Excluded			
	Soil	Excluded			
	Stone	Excluded			
	Vegetation	Excluded			
	Concrete	Included			
	Brick	Included			
	Cement	included			
30	MR Prerequisite PRT	Source Reduction – Mercury applies to:	ealthcare		
31.	31. MR Prerequisite PBT Source Reduction – Mercury requirements:				
	List what must be ide	entified for mercury-containing products:	11 1		
	1. types of products and device to be collected				
	2. Criteria for handling by recycling program				
	1. types of products and device to be collected 2. criteria for handling by recycling program 3. disposal methods for captured mercury				
	List examples of the applicable types of mercury-containing lamps:				
	1 Flyprescent				
	2. Compact Fluorescent				
	3. High Inter	15 Hy Discharge (HID)			

List examples of the applicable types of mercury-containing dental wastes:

- 1. Amalgam
- 2. Chair side traps
- 3. Separator wasks

Fluorescent and high-pressure sodium lamps must meet the criteria in Table 1.

Complete Table 1. Maximum mercury content of lamps

Lamp	Maximum content
T-8 fluorescent, eight-foot	mg mercury
T-8 fluorescent, four-foot	mg mercury
T-8 fluorescent, U-bent	mg mercury
T-5 fluorescent, linear	mg mercury
T-5 fluorescent, circular	9 mg mercury
Compact fluorescent, nonintegral ballast	3.5 mg mercury
Compact fluorescent, integral ballast	3.5 mg mercury, Energy STAR qualified
High-pressure sodium, up to 400 watts	mg mercury
High-pressure sodium, above 400 watts	3 之 mg mercury
MR Credit Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction Demonstrate reduced environmental effects	on requirements: during initial project decision-making by reusing existing
MR Credit Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction Demonstrate reduced environmental effects building <u>resources</u> or de through <u>life-cycle assessy</u> Achieve one of the following options. OPTION 1. <u>Historic Building Re</u> Maintain the existing building structure, enve	on requirements: during initial project decision-making by reusing existing monstrating a reduction in materials use
MR Credit Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction Demonstrate reduced environmental effects building <u>resources</u> or de through <u>Infercycle assessy</u> Achieve one of the following options. OPTION 1. <u>Historic Building Re</u> Maintain the existing building structure, enve	euse (5 points BD+C, 6 points CS)
MR Credit Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction Demonstrate reduced environmental effects building <u>resources</u> or de through <u>life-cycle assessive</u> Achieve one of the following options. OPTION 1. <u>Historic Building Reduction</u> Maintain the existing building structure, enverage Mistoric building or common of Aban Maintain at least <u>50%</u> , by surface a	euse (5 points BD+C, 6 points CS)
building <u>resources</u> or de through <u>II fe - cycle</u> assessy Achieve one of the following options. OPTION 1. <u>Historic Building Resource</u> Maintain the existing building structure, enveraged building or constant of the properties of the propertie	during initial project decision-making by reusing existing monstrating a <u>reduction</u> in materials use ment. euse (spoints Bb+c, 6 points cs) elope, and interior nonstructural elements of a ntributing building in a <u>historic</u> district. adoned or Blighted Bldg (spts BD&C, 6 points cs) area, of the existing building structure, enclosure, and interior ocal criteria of abandoned or are considered blight.

OR

OPTION 3. Building and Material Reuse (2-4pts BDC, 2-5pts CS)
Reuse or salvage building materials from off site or on site as a percentage of the surface area,

as listed in Table 1.

List examples of:

Structural elements	Enclosure materials	Permanently installed interior elements
1. Floors	1. SKin	1. Walls
2. Roof Deckin	9 2. Framing	2. DOORS
_		3. Floor coverings
		4. ceiling systems

List what is excluded from the calculation:

- 1. Window assemblies
- 2. Hazardous materials

Materials contributing toward this credit may not contribute toward MR Credit

Material Disclosure and Optimization

Complete Table 1. Points for reuse of building materials

Table 1. Points for reuse of building materials Percentage of completed project Points BD+C (Core and Shell) Points BD+C surface area 25% 2 3 50% 3 5 75%

OR

OPTION 4. Whole-Building Life-Cycle Assessment (3 points) For new construction (buildings or portions of buildings), conduct a life-cycle assessment of the project's structure and enclosure that demonstrates a minimum of 10 % reduction, compared with a baseline building, in at least <u>three</u> of the six impact categories listed below, one of which must be <u>global warming potential</u>. No impact category assessed as part of the life-cycle assessment may increase by more than <u>5%</u> compared with the baseline building. The baseline and <u>proposed</u> buildings must be of comparable size, function, orientation, and operating <u>energy</u> performance as defined in EA Prerequisite Minimum Energy Performance. The service life of the baseline and proposed buildings must be the _____ and at least years to fully account for maintenance and replacement. Use the same life-cycle assessment ______ tools and data sets to evaluate both the baseline building and the proposed building, and report all listed impact categories. Data sets must be compliant with ISO 14044

	List the impact categories for reduction:				
	1. global warming potential (GHG), in CO2 e 2. depletion of the stratospheric ozone layer, in kg CFC-11 2. depletion of the stratospheric ozone layer, in kg CFC-11				
	1 -1 -1 -1 A OF THE STRONG TOPPICE				
	the standard water sources in				
	3. acidincation of tand and trogen or kg phosphate 4. eutrophication, in kg nitrogen or kg phosphate 5. formation of tropospheric ozone, in kg Nozor kg ethene 6. depletion of nonrenewable energy resources, in MJ Healthcare Only For all options in this credit, building materials demolished to create courtyards to increase daylighting may be counted as retained in calculations, provided the new courtyards meet the requirements of EQ Credits Daylight and Quality Views.				
35. Restoring <u>existing</u> buildings, preserving <u>historic</u> structure rehabilitating <u>blighted</u> buildings reduce the <u>energy</u> waste associated with demolition and construction.					
	waste associated with demoliti	on and construction.			
36.	66. An LCA also allows the design team to understand the trade-offs of <u>material</u> selection and <u>energy</u> performance and find an appropriate balance between the two.				
	Complete the following: Exemplary Performance for MR Credit Building Life-Cy	cle Impact Reduction			
	Option 1. Not available				
	Option 2. Not Available				
	Option 3. Reuse 95 % of the building				
	Option 4. Achieve any improvement over required cree	dit thresholds in 51 × impact measures			
	38. MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Environmental Product Declarations requirements:				
	Achieve one or more of the options below, for a maximum of 2 points.				
	OPTION 1. Environmental Product	Declaration (1 point)			
	Use at least <u>20</u> different permanently installed products sourced from at least <u>five</u> different manufacturers that meet one of the disclosure criteria below.				
	Product-specific declaration.				
	Requirement	Product value			
	LCA conforming to IOS 14044	1/4 ot a product			
	Environmental Product Declarations which conform to ISO 14025, 14040, 14044, and EN 15804 or ISO 2193				
	and have at least a cradle to gate scope. Requirement	Product value			
	Industry-wide (generic) EPD	1/2 of a product			
	Product-specific Type III EPD	1/2 of a product I product value			

USGBC approved program – Products that comply with other USGBC approved environmental product declaration frameworks. OPTION 2. Multi-Attribute Optimization (I point) Use products that comply with one of the criteria below for 50%, by cost, of the total value of permanently installed products in the project. Products will be valued as below. Third party certified products that demonstrate impact reduction below industry average in at least three of the following categories are valued at 100% of their cost for credit achievement calculations. q loba l _____ warming potential (greenhouse gases), in CO2e; depletion of the stratospheric <u>OZone</u> layer, in kg CFC-11; acidification of land and water sources, in moles H+ or kg SO2; <u>evtrophication</u>, in kg nitrogen or kg phosphate; formation of <u>troposheric</u> ozone, in kg NOx or kg ethene; and depletion of nonrenewable energy resources, in MJ. USGBC approved program -- Products that comply with other USGBC approved multi-attribute frameworks. For credit achievement calculation, products sourced (extracted, manufactured, purchased) within miles (160 km) of the project site are valued at 200 % of their base contributing cost. Structure and enclosure materials may not constitute more than 30% of the value of compliant building products. 39. Complete the following: Exemplary Performance for MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Environmental **Product Declarations** Option 1. Source at least 40 qualifying products from five manufacturers. Option 2. Purchase 75%, by cost, of permanently installed building products that meet the required attributes. 40. Match the definition to the term using the letter shown: cradle-to-gate assessment B____ life-cycle assessment analysis of a product's partial life cycle, from resource extraction (cradle) to the factory gate (before it is transported for distribution and sale). It omits the use and the disposal phases of A an evaluation of the environmental effects of a product from cradle to grave, as defined by ISO В 14040-2006 and ISO 14044-2006 41. MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Sourcing of Raw Materials requirements: Option 1. Raw Material Source and Extraction Reporting (1 point) Use at least 20 different permanently installed products from at least five different manufacturers that have publicly released a report from their raw material suppliers which include raw material supplier extraction locations, a commitment to long-term ecologically responsible land use, a commitment to reducing environmental harms from <u>extraction</u> and/or

manufacturing processes, and a commitment to meeting applicable standards or programs

voluntarily that address responsible Sourcing criteria.

	Products sourced from of a product for credit	manufacturers with self-declared reports a	re valued as one half (1/2)
	Third-party verified co operations and activitivalued as ONE include the following: Global Repor Organisation for Econo U. N. Global Co T50 26000: 20 V5GBC approve Option 2. Leadership E Use products that mee	rporate sustainability reports (CSR) which inces associated with the manufacturer's product whole product for credit achievement calculation of Progress of the total value of	ict and the product's supply chain, are lation. Acceptable CSR frameworks (GRI) Sustainability Report Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises s meeting the CSR criteria.
	Complete the table:		
	Product	Standard	Product value, based on cost
	Purchased from a manufacturer	Participates in an Extended producer responsibility program	50%
	Bio-based materials	Sustainable Agriculture Network's Sustainable Agriculture Standard	100%
	Wood products	Forest Stewardship Council or USGBC-approved equivalent	100%
	Materials reuse	salvaged, refurbished, or reused products	100%
	Recycled content *	ISO 14021–1999, Environmental Labels and Declarations, Self-Declared Environmental Claims (Type II Environmental Labeling).	100%
	USGBC approved program		
*	Products sourced (extraorded at 200 %) For credit achievement the base contributing on the permitted to exceed counting of single products and in no case.	recycled content, based on coracted, manufactured, purchased) within of their base contributing cost.	ultiple responsible extraction criteria is egional multipliers) anddouble_sponsible extraction criteria is not e than200% of its total actual cost
42.	Abbreviation Na	ame Corporate Sustainabilita	, reports

43.	List the items that are excluded from MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Sourcing of Raw Materials:		
	1. Mechanical		
	2. Plumbing		
	- Electrical		
	4. specialty and items purchased for temporary use		
	5. Furniture		
44.	List the items that may be included in MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Sourcing of Raw Materials, provided they are included in the other two cost-based credits, MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Environmental Product Declarations and MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Material Ingredients:		
	1. Furniture		
	2. Optional MEP Products		
45.	For MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Sourcing of Raw Materials, Option 1. Raw Material Source and Extraction Reporting compliance is based on the of products, not their cost		
46.	The amount of biobased content in a product is determined by the manufacturer according to ASTM Standard 06866 .		
47.	Wood must be certified by the Forest Steward ship Council (FSC)		
	unless it is considered reused, salvaged, or recycled.		
48.	Complete Equation 1. Number of products with raw material extraction reporting:		
	EQUATION 1. Number of products with raw material extraction reporting		
	Total # of products with with manufacturer-declared reports + # of products with 3rd party verified reports # of products with 3rd party verified reports		
49.	Abbreviation Name Coc Chain - of - Custody		
50.	Products identified as FSC 100% (FSC Pure) contribute 100% FSC content. Products identified as FSC Mix Credit (FSC Mixed Credit) contribute 100% FSC content. Products identified as FSC Mix [NN]% (FSC Mixed [NN]%) contribute the FSC content percentage indicated. Products identified as FSC Recycled Credit contribute 100% postconsumer recycled content. Products identified as FSC Recycled [NN] % contribute the percentage postconsumer recycled content percentage indicated [NN].		
51.	The cost of reused or reclaimed materials is either the <u>actual</u> cost paid or the <u>veplacement</u> value, whichever is <u>higher</u> . The replacement value can be determined by pricing a comparable material in the local market; exclude <u>labor</u> and shipping.		

52.	Postconsumer recycled content is waste, much of which comes from residential curbside recycling programs for aluminum, glass, plastic, and paper.			
53.	Preconsumer recycled content comes from process waste that is used to make a different product.			
54.	Default recycled content for steel products where no recycled content information is available, assume the recycled content to be 25% postconsumer.			
55.	Exemplary Performance for MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Sourcing of Raw Materials:			
	Option 1. Source at least products from five manufacturers.			
	Option 2. Purchase 50% , by cost, of the total value of permanently installed building products that meet the responsible extraction criteria.			
56.	List examples of preconsumer recycled content material:			
	1. planer shavings			
	2. Sawdust			
	3. bagasse			
	4. Walnut shells			
	5. CUIS			
	6 trummed materials			
	7. Over issue publications			
	8. Obsolete inventories			
57.	MR Credit Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Material Ingredients requirements:			
	Option 1. Material Ingredient Reporting (1 point) Use at least different permanently installed products from at least different			
	manufacturers that use any of the following programs to demonstrate the chemical inventory of the product			
	to at least 0.1% (1000 ppm).			
	List the programs that can be used to demonstrate compliance:			
	1. Manufacturer Inventory			
	2. Health Product Declaration			
	3. Cradle to Cradle			
	4. USG-BC Approved program			
	AND/OR Option 2. Material Ingredient Optimization (1 Point) Use products that document their material ingredient optimization using the paths below for at least			

Complete the Table:

Path	Value product at
GreenScreen v1.2 Benchmark . Products that have fully inventoried chemical ingredients to 100 ppm that have no Benchmark 1 hazards:	
If any ingredients are assessed with the GreenScreen List Translator	100%
If all ingredients are have undergone a full GreenScreen Assessment	150 %
Cradle to Cradle Certified . End use products are certified Cradle to Cradle. Products will be valued as follows:	
Cradle to Cradle v2 Gold	100 %
Cradle to Cradle v2 Platinum	150%
Cradle to Cradle v3 Silver	100%
Cradle to Cradle v3 Gold or Platinum	150%
International Alternative Compliance Path – REACH Optimization. End use products and materials that do not contain substances that meet REACH criteria for substances of very high concern.	
If the product contains no ingredients listed on the REACH Authorization or Candidate list	100%

AND/OR

Option 3. Product Manufacturer Supply Chain Optimization (1 Point)

Use building products for at least 25%, by cost, of the total value of permanently installed products in the project that:

Are sourced from product manufacturers who engage in validated and robust safety, health, hazard, and risk programs which at a minimum document at least _______ (by weight) of the ingredients used to make the building product or building material, and

Are sourced from product manufacturers with independent third party verification of their supply chain that at a minimum verifies:

Processes are in place to:

all points along the supply chain

communicate	and transparently prioritize chemical ingredients along the supp	ly chain according
to available hazard, exp	osure and use information to identify those that require more de	tailed evaluation
identity	_, document, and communicate information on health, safety and	d environmental
characteristics of chemi		
Implement	measures to manage the health, safety and environmental haza	ard and risk of
chemical ingredients		
optimize	health, safety and environmental impacts when designing and in	mproving chemica
ingredients		
Communicate	_, receive and evaluate chemical ingredient safety and stewardsh	ip information
along the supply chain		
Safety and stewardship	information about the chemical ingredients is publicly	available fro

Products meeting Option 3 criteria are valued at 100 % of their cost for the purposes of credit achievement calculation.

For credit achievement calculation of options 2 and 3, products sourced (extracted, manufactured, purchased) within ______ miles (160 km) of the project site are valued at ______ of their base contributing cost.

For credit achievement calculation, the value of individual products compliant with either option 2 or 3 can be combined to reach the ________ threshold but products compliant with both option 2 and 3 may only be counted once.

Structure and enclosure materials may not constitute more than 30% of the value of compliant building products.

58. Abbreviation Nar

PBTS Persistant bioaccumulative and toxic Chemicals

POPS Persistant organic Pollutants

- 59. MR Credit PBT Source Reduction Mercury applies to: Health care
- 60. MR Credit PBT Source Reduction Mercury requirements:

Specify and install fluorescent lamps with both low mercury content (MR Prerequisite PBT Source Reduction—Mercury) and long _____ (am P _____ life, as listed in Table 1.

Complete Table 1. Criteria for rated life of low-mercury lamps

Table 1. Criteria for rated life of low-mercury lamps

Lamp	Maximum content	Lamp life (hrs)
T-8 fluorescent, eight- foot	mg mercury	Standard output - 24,000 rated hours on instant start ballasts (3-hour starts) High output – 18,000 rated hours on instant start ballasts or program start ballasts (3-hour starts)
T-8 fluorescent, four- foot	mg mercury	Both standard and high output - 30,000 rated hours on instant start ballasts, or 36,000 rated hours on program start ballasts (3 hour starts)
T-8 fluorescent, two- foot and three-foot	3.5 mg mercury	24,000 rated hours on instant start ballasts or program start ballasts (3-hour starts)
T-8 fluorescent, U-bent	mg mercury	18,000 rated hours on instant start ballasts, or 24,000 rated hours on program start ballasts (3-hour starts)
T-5 fluorescent, linear	2,5 mg mercury	Both standard and high-output - 25,000 rated hours on program start ballasts
Compact fluorescent, nonintegral ballast	3,5 mg mercury	12,000 rated hours
Compact fluorescent, integral ballast	3,5 mg mercury, ENERGY STAR qualified	Bare bulb - 10,000 rated hours Covered models such as globes, reflectors, A-19s – 8,000 hours
High-pressure sodium, up to 400 watts	mg mercury	Use noncycling type or replace with LED lamps or induction lamps
High-pressure sodium, above 400 watts	mg mercury	Use noncycling type or replace with LED lamps or induction lamps

Do not specify or install <u>Circular</u> fluorescent lamps or <u>probe</u> start metal halide lamps.

61. MR Credit PBT Source Reduction – Lead, Cadmium, and Copper applies to:	Healthcare

62. MR Credit PBT Source Reduction – Lead, Cadmium, and Copper requirements: Specify substitutes for materials manufactured with lead and cadmium, as follows.

Lead

For water intended for human consumption, specify and use solder and flux to connect plumbing pipe on site that meets the <u>California</u> AB1953 standard, which specifies that solder not contain more than 0.2% lead, and flux not more than a weighted average of 0.25% lead for wetted surfaces. The "lead free" label as defined by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) does not provide adequate screening for the purposes of this credit because the SDWA defines "lead free" as solders and flux containing 0.2% lead or less.

For water intended for human consumption, specify and use pipes, pipe fittings, plumbing fittings, and faucets that meet the Call for nio law AB1953 of a weighted average lead content of the wetted surface area of not more than 0.25% lead. Specify and use lead-free roofing and flashing.

Specify and use electrical wire and cable with lead content less than 300 parts per million.

Specify no use of interior or exterior <u>Paints</u> containing lead.

For <u>renovation</u> projects, ensure the removal and appropriate disposal of disconnected wires with lead stabilizers, consistent with the 2002 National Electric Code requirements.

Lead used for radiation shielding and copper used for MRI shielding are <u>exempt</u>.

Specify no use of interior or exterior ______ containing intentionally added cadmium.

For copper pipe applications, reduce or eliminate joint-related sources of copper corrosion: use <u>mechanically</u> crimped copper joint systems; or specify that all solder 0 in 15 comply with ASTM 828 2002, and specify and use ASTM B813 2010 for $10 \times 10 \times 10^{-2}$.

63. MR Credit Furniture and Medical Furnishings applies to: Health Care

64. MR Credit Furniture and Medical Furnishings requirements:

Complete the table:

Percentage, by cost	Points	
30%	1	
40 %	2	

List examples of freestanding furniture and medical furnishings that must be included:

- 1. mattresses
- 2. foams

- 3. panel fabrics
 4. cubicle curtains
 5. window coverings
- 6. other textiles

List what must be included in the base building calculations, even if manufactured off site:

- 1. built-in- casework
- 2. built-in-millwork

Option 1. Minimal Chemical Content

vrea____ formaldehyde;

heavy metals, including mercury, cadmium, lead, and antimony;

<u>Nexavalent</u> chromium in plated finishes consistent with the European Union Directive on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (EU RoHS);

<u>Staun</u> and nonstick treatments derived from perfluorinated compounds (PFCs), including perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA); and

added antimicrobial treatments.

Option 2. Testing and Modeling of Chemical Content

All components of a furniture or medical furnishing assembly, including textiles, finishes, and dyes, must contain less than 100 parts per million (ppm) of at least ______ of the five chemicals or materials listed in Option 1.

New furniture or medical furnishing assemblies must be in accordance with

ANSI/BIFMA e3-2010 Furniture Sustainability Standard

Salvaged and reused furniture more than ______ year old at the time of use is considered compliant, provided it meets the requirements for any site-applied paints, coatings, adhesives, and sealants.

Option 3. Multi-Attribute Assessment of Products

Use products that meet at least one of the criteria below. Each product can receive credit for each criterion met. The scope of any environmental product declaration (EPD) must be at least cradle to _______. Complete the tables:

Product-specific declaration.

Criteria	Criterion valuation factor
publicly available, critically reviewed life-cycle assessment	0.25
conforming to ISO 14044 that have at least a cradle to gate scope	0.25

Environmental Product Declarations which conform to ISO 14025, 14040, 14044, and EN 15804 or ISO 21930 and have at least a cradle to gate scope.

Criteria	Criterion valuation factor
Industry-wide (generic) EPD Products with third-party certification (Type III)	0.5
Product-specific Type III EPD Products with third-party certification (Type III)	1.0

Materials reuse	
Postconsumer recycled content	1.0
Preconsumer recycled content	0.5
Extended producer responsibility	0,5
Biobased nonwood (Sustainable Agriculture Standard)	1.0
New wood (FSC standards)	1.0

For credit achievement calculation, products sourced (extracted, manufactured, purchased) within ioo miles of the project site are valued at 200 % of their base contributing cost.

65.	MR Credit Design for Flexibility applies to: Healt	heare		
	5. MR Credit Design for Flexibility requirements: Increase building flexibility and ease of adaptive use over the life of the structure by employing at least three of the following strategies.			
	Use interstitial space. Design distribution zone utility systems and equipment including HVAC, plumbing, electrical, information technology, medical gases, and life safety systems to serve the occupied zones and have the capacity to controlmultiple zones inClinical spaces.			
	Provide programmed space, such as administration or storage, equal to at least 5% of departmental gross area (DGA). Locate soft space adjacent to clinical departments that anticipate growth. Determine a strategy for future accommodation of displaced soft space.			
	Provide <u>Shell</u> space equal to at least 5% displacing occupied space.	of DGA. Locate i	t such that it can be occupied without	
	Identify horizontal expansion capacity for diagnostic and treatment or other clinical space equal to at least 30% of existing floor area (excluding inpatient units) without demolition of occupied space (other than at the connection point). Reconfiguration of additional existing occupied space that has been constructed with demountable partition systems is permitted.			
	Design for future <u>Vertical</u> expansion on at operations and service systems can continue at or nea	least 75% of the r capacity during	roof, ensuring that existing the expansion.	
	Designate space for future above-grade <u>parking</u> structures equal to 50% of existing on-grade parking capacity, with direct access to the main hospital lobby or circulation. Vertical transportation pathways that lead directly to the main hospital lobby or circulation are acceptable.			
	Usedemoun table partitions for 50% of applicable areas. Usemovable ormodular casework for at least 50% of casework and custom			
	Use <u>movable</u> or <u>modular</u> casework for at least 50% of casework and custom millwork. Base the calculation on the combined value of casework and millwork, as determined by the cost estimator or contractor.			
	7. Abbreviation Name DGA Departmental Gross Area			
	8. MR Credit Construction and Demolition Waste Management requirements: Recycle and/or salvage non hazardovs construction and demolition materials.			
	Calculations can be by Weight or Volume but must be consistent throughout.			
	List the material that must be excluded: 1. excavated soil 2. land-clearing debris 3. Alternative party cover (ADC) Include wood waste converted to <u>fvel</u> (biofuel) in the calculations; other types of waste-to-energy are not considered diversion for this credit.			
	Option 1. Diversion (1–2 points)			
	Path 1 Divert 50% and three Material Streems	Points		
	1. Divert 50% and three Material Streams	2		
	2. Divert 75% and four Material Streams	-		

Option 2. Reduction of Total	Waste Ma	terial (2 points)
Do not generate more than _	2.5	pounds of construction waste per square foot of the building's
floor area		

- 69. List examples of material streams that contribute toward MR Credit Construction and Demolition Waste Management:
 - 1. Plastic
 - 2. carpet
 - 3. Paper / Cardboard
 - 4. Clean WOOD
 - 5. Metal
 - 6. Sheetrock
 - 7. Brick / concrete Masonry
 - 8. Asphalt shingles
- 70. List examples of material streams that do not contribute to MR Credit Construction and Demolition Waste Management:
 - 1. Landfill
 - 2. Screen Fines (ADC)
 - 3. 6" MINUS (ADC)